GETTING STARTED

A Guide for New Users



FLLKE

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8840A/ 8842A DIGITAL MULTIMETERS

P/N 879291 DECEMBER 1991

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# **CONTENTS**

THIS MANUAL introduces you to the Fluke 8840A and 8842A Digital Multimeters and gives a brief introduction to remote programming using the IEEE-488 Interface option.

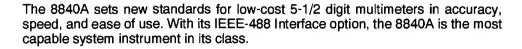
For more complete operating and programming instructions, please refer to the Instruction Manual.

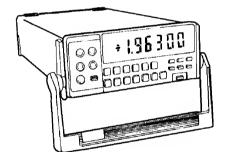
THE 8840A DIGITAL MULTIMETER	ţ
THE 8842A DIGITAL MULTIMETER	
SETTING UP THE DIGITAL MULTIMETER	-
Connecting to Line Power	-
Adjusting the Handle	
Rack Mounting Kits	9
POWER-UP	10
Power-Up Self-Test	10
THE 8840A FRONT PANEL	1.
THE 8842A FRONT PANEL	12
SPECIAL FEATURES	13
THE REAR PANEL	15
THE DISPLAY	10
Overrange Indication	17
Error Messages	18
Error Codes	19
MAKING MEASUREMENTS	20
Voltage and Resistance	20

# **CONTENTS**

Current	21
Offset Measurements	22
Ranges and Reading Rates	22
Overload Protection Limits	23
REMOTE OPERATION	24
The IEEE-488 Interface	24
Connecting to the IEEE-488 Interface	25
Rear Panel Address Settings	26
Talk-Only Mode	27
Remote Programming	27
Typical Command String	28
8840A Remote Commands	29
8842A Remote Commands	30
Programming Example	31

# THE 8840A DIGITAL MULTIMETER



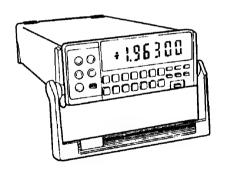


#### Features of the 8840A include:

- Highly legible vacuum fluorescent display
- Intuitively easy front panel operation
- Basic dc accuracy of 0.005% for 1 year
- 2-wire and 4-wire resistance measurement
- DC current measurement
- Up to 100 readings per second
- Closed-case calibration (No internal adjustments)
- Built-in self-tests

Options, which can be installed at any time, include the IEEE-488 Interface (Option -05) and the True RMS AC (Option -09), which lets you measure ac voltage and current.

### THE 8842A DIGITAL MULTIMETER



The 8842A is the top-of-the-line DMM in the 8840A family. Using proprietary thin film resistor networks, a stable reference amplifier and stable active components, the 8842A offers superior measurement performance and stability. It also offers additional 20 mV, 20 ohm and 200 mA dc ranges.

#### Features of the 8842A include:

- Highly legible vacuum fluorescent display
- Intuitively easy front panel operation
- Basic dc accuracy of 0.003% for 1 year
- 2-wire and 4-wire resistance measurement
- DC current measurement
- Up to 100 readings per second
- Closed-case calibration (No internal adjustments)
- Built-in self-tests

Options, which can be installed at any time, include the IEEE-488 Interface (Option -05) and the True RMS AC (Option -09, which lets you measure ac voltage and current).

# SETTING UP THE DMM

#### **Connecting to Line Power**

#### WARNING

TO AVOID SHOCK HAZARD, CONNECT THE INSTRUMENT POWER CORD TO A POWER RECEPTACLE WITH EARTH GROUND.

To avoid instrument damage, check that the rear-panel line voltage selection switches are set to the power-line voltage in your area. (See below.) For fire protection with power-line voltages from 198V to 250V, replace the rear panel 1/4A, 250V slo-blo fuse with a 1/8A, 250V slo-blo fuse.

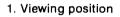
FOR THIS LINE VOLTAGE:	USE THIS SWITCH SETTING:	FOR THIS LINE VOLTAGE:	USE THIS SWITCH SETTING:			
90V to 109V	LINE SET	198V to 229V	SET .			
109V to 132V	LINE	229V to 250V	LINE SET			

# SETTING UP THE DMM

#### Adjusting the Handle

The handle provides two viewing angles for bench-top use. To adjust its position, pull the ends out to a hard stop (about 1/4 on inch each side) and rotate it to one of the four stop positions shown below. To remove the handle, adjust it to the vertical stop position and pull the ends all the way out.

PULL ENDS OUTWARD
TO ROTATE





3. Carrying position



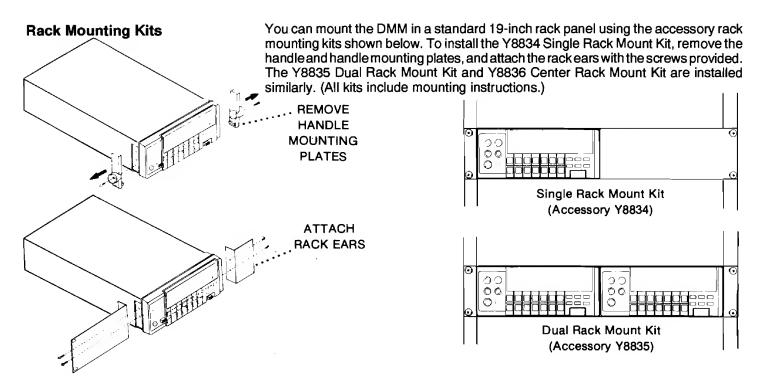
2. Alternate viewing position



4. Removal position (to remove, pull ends out)



# SETTING UP THE DMM



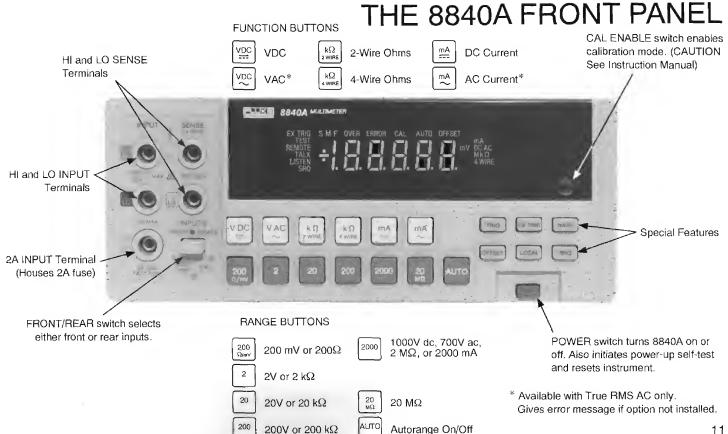
### **POWER-UP**

#### **Power-Up Self-Test**

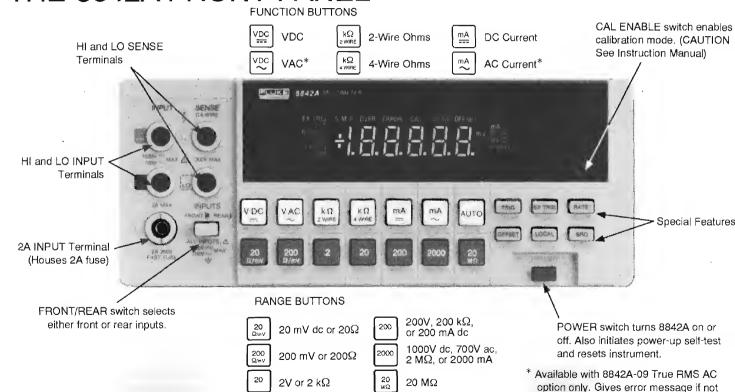
When the DMM is turned on, all display segments light up for about 2 seconds while the instrument performs an internal self-test. The DMM then assumes the following configuration:

- VDC function
- Autorange, starting in the 1000V range
- Slow reading rate
- Continuous, internal trigger
- OFFSET off
- Local (front panel) control

During the power-up self-test, you can freeze the display by pressing the SRQ button while the display is lit. All display segments will then remain lit until you press any button.



# THE 8842A FRONT PANEL

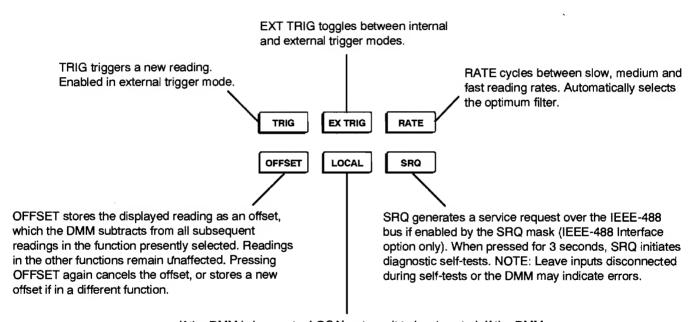


20V or 20  $k\Omega$ 

installed.

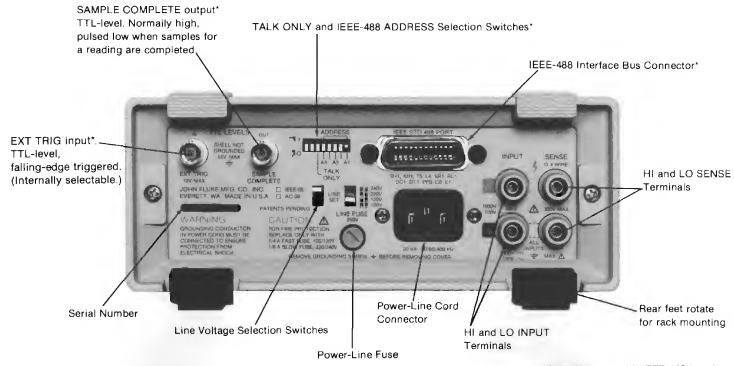
Autorange On/Off

# SPECIAL FEATURES



If the DMM is in remote, LOCAL returns it to local control. If the DMM is in local, the LOCAL button displays the DMM bus address for one second. Ignored if the IEEE-488 Interface is not installed.

### THE REAR PANEL

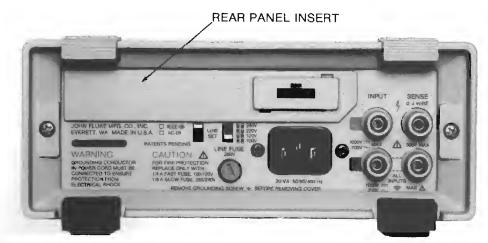


### THE REAR PANEL

If your 8840A does not have the IEEE-488 Interface, the upper portion of the rear panel is covered by an insert as shown below. Do not remove the insert unless you are adding the IEEE-488 Interface.

#### CAUTION

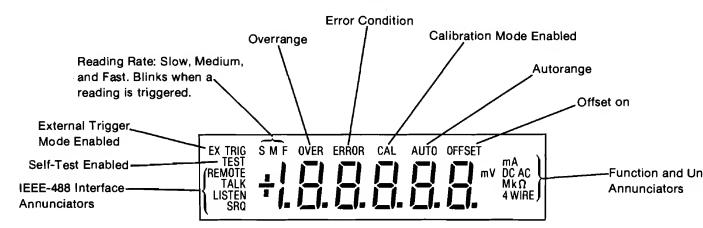
The rear panel insert is attached from inside the case. Refer to the 8840A Instruction Manual for instructions on removing it.



#### The Display

The vacuum fluorescent display indicates explicit units for all functions and range so you never have to interpret readings.

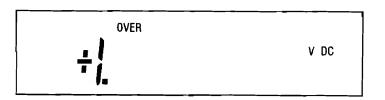
When the DMM is in the external trigger (EX TRIG) mode, pressing any front par button blanks the numeric field in the display until a new measurement is triggere. This ensures that all readings correspond to the instrument configuration indicate by the display annunciators.



#### **Overrange Indication**

In most ranges the DMM indicates the input is overrange as shown below. The sign and the position of the decimal point depend on the function and range.

As a safety feature, the DMM treats the 1000V dc and 700V ac ranges differently. In these ranges, the DMM indicates when the input exceeds the input overload limit of 1000V dc or 700V ac, respectively, by lighting the OVER annunciator and flashing the display. Readings are still displayed.



#### **Error Messages**

If the DMM detects an error, it displays an error message for about 2-1/2 seconds and then resumes normal operation. During this time, the front panel buttons are ignored. The error message consists of the ERROR annunciator and a two-digit error code. Error codes are explained on the next page.

If the FRONT/REAR switch is set to the REAR position while the mA DC or mA AC function is selected, error 31 is displayed. In this case the error message is displayed until you return the switch to the FRONT position or select another function.

When you run the diagnostic self-tests (which are initiated by pressing the SRQ button for 3 seconds), be sure the input terminals are disconnected. Otherwise, the DMM may display some of the self-test errors (errors 01 to 29).

If the DMM displays self-test errors even when the input terminals are disconnected, there may be a hardware problem in your DMM. In that event, refer to the DMM Instruction Manual or contact your local Fluke representative.



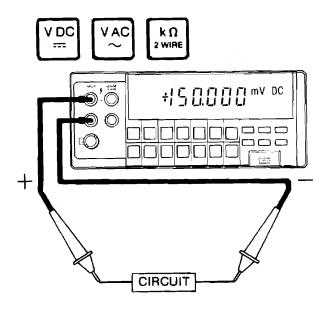
Error 30: AC function selected without True RMS AC Converter option.

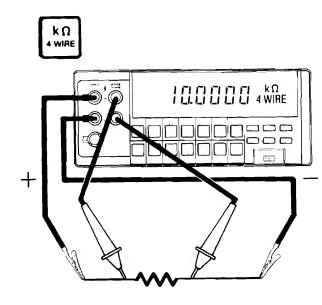
### **Error Codes**

ERROR CODE	MEANING
01-29	SELF-TEST ERRORS See Instruction Manual.
	OPERATION ERRORS
30	AC functions available only with -09 True RMS AC option.
31	mA AC or mA DC function selected while REAR inputs selected.
32	OFFSET selected with reading unavailable or overrange.
40	Computed calibration constant out of range.
41	Calibration input out of acceptable range.
42	Calibration Memory write error.
50	Guard crossing error detected by In-Guard μC.
51	Calibration command not valid unless calibration mode is enabled.
52	Command not valid at this time. Check whether DMM is in cal mode
1	and if so which part of the cal procedure it is in.
53	Invalid calibration value in Put command. (Example: Sending a
ļ	negative value during ac calibration.)
54	Command not valid in calibration verification.
56	Variable inputs not allowed during A/D calibration. Use prompted value.
60	Device-dependent commands not valid during self-test.
71	Syntax error in device-dependent command string.
72	Guard crossing error detected by Out-Guard μC.
77	IEEE-488 Interface self-test error.

#### Voltage and Resistance

To measure voltage or resistance, select the desired function and connect the teleads as shown. Resistance can be measured in either the 2-wire or 4-w configuration.

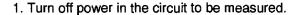


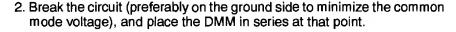


#### Current

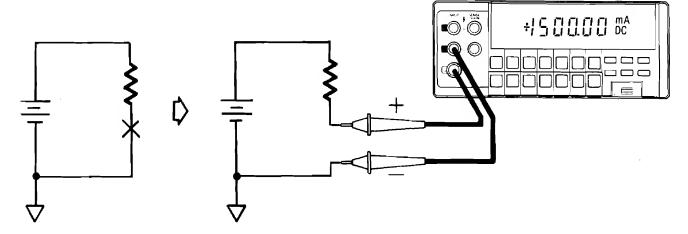
mΑ

To measure current, select the desired function and connect the test leads as follows:





- 3. Turn on power in the circuit, and read the display.
- 4. Turn off power in the circuit, and disconnect the DMM.



#### Offset Measurements

#### **WARNING**

WHEN THE OFFSET FEATURE IS IN USE, DISPLAYED READINGS ARE RELATIVE AND MAY NOT INDICATE THE PRESENCE OF DANGEROUS POTENTIALS AT THE INPUT CONNECTORS OR TEST LEADS. USE CAUTION TO AVOID ELECTRIC SHOCK OR INSTRUMENT DAMAGE.

The OFFSET button stores a reading so that you can make relative measurements. When an offset is in use, the display always has a + or - sign (even in the resistance and ac functions) since the reading represents a numeric difference.

### Ranges and Reading Rates

The range buttons select among the available measurement ranges as shown on page 11 or 12. Select the slow (S) reading rate to minimize the effect of noise. Select the medium (M) or fast (F) reading rate for higher measurement speed.

#### RANGE SELECTION AND READING RATES

RANGE	SELECTION	READING RATE (readings per second)						
	METHOD	S	М	F				
20 mV dc, 20Ω, and 200 mA dc ranges*	Select the range.	0.31*	1.25*	100*				
All other ranges	Select the range or autorange.	2.50	20	100				

<sup>\* 8842</sup>A only

#### **Overload Protection Limits**

#### **WARNING**

TO AVOID SHOCK HAZARD AND/OR INSTRUMENT DAMAGE, DO NOT APPLY INPUT POTENTIALS THAT EXCEED THE OVERLOAD PROTECTION LIMITS SHOWN BELOW.

#### **INPUT OVERLOAD PROTECTION LIMITS**

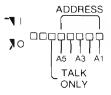
FUNCTION	CONNECTORS	MAXIMUM INPUT
VDC	INPUT HI and LO:	1000V dc
mA DC	2A INPUT and INPUT LO:	2000 mA
2 WIRE/4 WIRE kΩ	INPUT HI and LO: SENSE HI and LO:	300V rms 300V rms
VAC	INPUT HI and LO:	700V rms, 1000V peak or 2 x 10 <sup>7</sup> V-Hz (whichever is less)
mA AC	2A INPUT and INPUT LO:	2000 mA rms
All Functions	Any terminal to earth:	1000V dc or peak ac

#### The IEEE-488 Interface

The IEEE-488 Interface option turns the DMM into a fully programmable systems instrument for remote operation over the IEEE Standard 488-1978 interface bus.

The DMM can be under complete, interactive control from a remote bus controller Or when set to the talk-only mode, the DMM can be connected to a printer or data logger and dedicated to a single task.

# Connecting to the IEEE-488 Interface



To set up the DMM on the IEEE-488 bus,

- 1. Set the IEEE-488 address using the rear panel IEEE-488 ADDRESS switches (see next page).
- 2. Plug an IEEE-488 cable into the rear panel IEEE-488 connector, secure it, and connect the cable to one of the other instruments in your system.
- 3. Switch on the DMM.

Whenever the DMM is under local control, its IEEE-488 address can be displayed on the front panel by pressing the LOCAL button. The address is displayed with a minus sign if the DMM is set to the talk-only mode.

#### **REAR PANEL ADDRESS SETTINGS**

ADDRESS	TALK ONLY	<b>A</b> 5	<b>A4</b>	А3	A2	<b>A</b> 1	ADDRESS	TALK ONLY	<b>A</b> 5	<b>A</b> 4	А3	A2	<b>A</b> 1	ADDRESS	TALK	<b>A</b> 5	<b>A</b> 4	<b>A3</b>	A2	<b>A</b> 1
00	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	1	0	1	1	22	0	1	0	1	1	0
01	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	0	0	1	1	0	0	23	0	1	0	1	1	1
02	0	0	0	0	1	0	13	0	0	1	1	0	1	24	0	1	1	0	0	0
03	0	0	0	0	1	1	14	0	0	1	1	1	0	25	0	1	1	0	0	1
04	0	0	0	1	0	0	15	0	0	1	1	1	1	26	0	1	1	0	1	0
05	0	0	0	1	0	1	16	0	1	0	0	0	0	27	0	1	1	0	1	1
06	0	0	0	1	1	0	17	0	1	0	0	0	1	28	0	1	1	1	0	0
07	0	0	0	1	1	1	18	0	1	0	0	1	0	29	Jo	1	1	1	0	1
08	0	0	1	0	0	0	19	0	1	0	0	1	1	30	0	1	1	1	1	0
09	0	0	1	0	0	1	20	0	1	0	1	0	0	31		Not	allo	wed		
10	0	0	1	0	1	0	21	0	1	0	1	0	1	TALK	1	X	Х	Х	X	Х
														ONLY	X = se	tting	doe	s no	t ma	atter

#### Talk-Only Mode

The talk-only mode lets you take advantage of the remote capability of the DMM without having to use an instrument controller. To put the DMM in the talk-only mode:

- Turn the DMM POWER switch OFF.
- 2. Set the rear panel TALK ONLY bit switch to 1 (the up position).
- Connect the DMM via the IEEE-488 bus to your printer, data logger, or other device.
- 4. Configure the other device as a listener only.
- 5. Turn the DMM POWER switch ON.

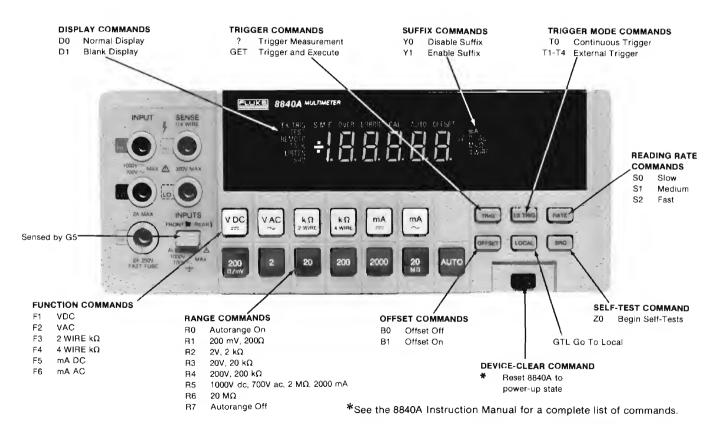
#### Remote Programming

The DMM device-dependent command set makes remote operation much like front panel operation. The following pages show the device-dependent commands that correspond directly to the front panel. For complete programming instructions, including a complete list of device-dependent commands, refer to the Instruction Manual.

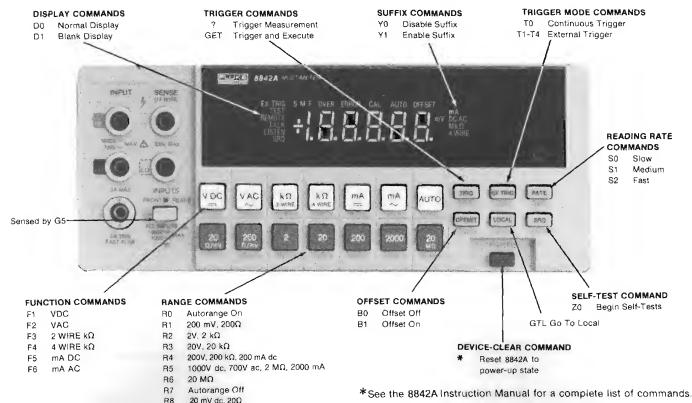
### **Typical Command String**

Here is a typical command string as it might be sent from a Fluke 1722A Instrument Controller. The string configures the DMM and triggers a reading. The PRINT command automatically sends terminators (CR, LF, and/or EOI) to the DMM at the end of the command string.

	PRINT	@3	**	F3 :	R1 :	S1 :	T2 :	?" :
IEEE-488 bus address ·······								
Reset the DMM to the power-up configuration	• • • • • • • • • •	•••••	:					
Selects the 2 WIRE $k\Omega$ fun	ction ····	• • • • • • •	••••	<b>:</b>			:	
Selects the 200 $\Omega$ range					;			
Selects the medium i	reading rate	e		• • • • • •	• • • • •	<b>:</b>		
Selects the extern (Rear panel trigge			••••		• • • • • •			
Triggers a read	ling ·····	•••••	••••	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	:



### 8842A Remote Commands



#### **Programming Example**

The following program was written in Fluke BASIC for the Fluke 1722A Instrument Controller. The program assumes the DMM ADDRESS switches are set to address 3.

Every controller handles IEEE-488 commands somewhat differently. If you are using a controller other than the 1722A, refer to your controller's programming manual for details. Examples using several popular controllers are given in the DMM Instruction Manual.